

Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 8th Edition
Chapter 2 – Strategy-Based Diagnosis
Quiz A

1. What is the first step in a strategy-based diagnostic procedure?
 - a. Verify the problem (concern).
 - b. Perform a thorough visual inspection.
 - c. Retrieve diagnostic trouble codes (DTCs).
 - d. Narrow the problem to a specific system or cylinder.

2. What is the purpose of a smoke machine in engine diagnostics?
 - a. To measure fuel injector pulse widths.
 - b. To test ignition coil outputs.
 - c. To locate vacuum leaks by observing escaping smoke.
 - d. To check exhaust backpressure levels.

3. Which of the following is critical during a thorough visual inspection?
 - a. Checking for vacuum hose damage or disconnection.
 - b. Ensuring the customer complaint matches the repair history.
 - c. Verifying that all diagnostic tools are calibrated.
 - d. Documenting unrelated fault codes.

4. What does a pending code indicate during diagnostics?
 - a. A severe malfunction requiring immediate attention.
 - b. A fault detected but not repeated enough to trigger the MIL.
 - c. An issue stored during a previous diagnostic session.
 - d. A random error that does not affect vehicle performance.

5. Why is a customer's description of the problem important?
- a. It eliminates the need for additional diagnostic tests.
 - b. It provides insights into possible technical service bulletins (TSBs).
 - c. It helps avoid unnecessary part replacements.
 - d. It narrows down the conditions when the issue occurs.
6. How can a diagnostic trouble code (DTC) be cleared?
- a. Using a scan tool.
 - b. Disconnecting the fuel system.
 - c. Running a compression test.
 - d. Driving the vehicle until the issue resolves.
7. What should be checked when looking at scan tool data?
- a. Fuel tank pressure levels during acceleration.
 - b. Engine coolant temperature matches intake air temperature after the engine cools.
 - c. Mismatched brake pad wear patterns.
 - d. Intermittent changes in dashboard indicator lights.
8. What is the purpose of technical service bulletins (TSBs)?
- a. To provide information on unresolved manufacturer defects.
 - b. To supply repair and diagnostic updates for specific issues.
 - c. To store historical data on diagnostic sessions.
 - d. To reset factory diagnostic systems.
9. Which scan tool parameter indicates the state of an oxygen sensor?
- a. Coolant temperature
 - b. Voltage readings between 200 mV and 800 mV
 - c. Engine oil pressure
 - d. Brake pedal position sensor

10. How is the freeze frame data useful in diagnosis?
- a. It helps clear error codes automatically.
 - b. It records conditions present when the DTC was set.
 - c. It identifies parts needing immediate replacement.
 - d. It confirms whether the repair has fixed the problem.

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Correct Answers:

1. a

2. c

3. a

4. b

5. d

6. a

7. c

8. b

9. b

10. b