

Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition
Chapter 42 – PCV and SAI Systems
Multiple Choice Questions Quiz A

1. What is the main purpose of the Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) system?
 - a) To recirculate crankcase vapors back into the intake manifold
 - b) To increase air pressure in the exhaust manifold
 - c) To direct exhaust gases into the crankcase for re-combustion
 - d) To reduce the combustion temperature and prevent knocking

2. Technician A says the PCV valve helps regulate the air-fuel mixture at idle. Technician B says the PCV valve prevents crankcase explosions during a backfire. Who is correct?
 - a) Technician A only
 - b) Technician B only
 - c) Both Technician A and Technician B
 - d) Neither Technician A nor B

3. What does a plugged PCV system most likely cause?
 - a) Increased fuel efficiency
 - b) Rough idle and excessive oil consumption
 - c) Higher exhaust emissions of NO_x
 - d) Decreased combustion temperatures

4. The purpose of the secondary air injection (SAI) system is to:
 - a) Prevent engine overheating
 - b) Reduce exhaust emissions by injecting air into the exhaust
 - c) Supply additional fuel during acceleration
 - d) Recirculate exhaust gases back into the intake manifold

5. Which component in the SAI system prevents exhaust gases from flowing backward into the air pump?
- a) The air diverter solenoid
 - b) The air-fuel ratio sensor
 - c) The oxygen sensor
 - d) The check valve
6. During cold start-up, the secondary air pump directs air into the:
- a) Catalytic converter
 - b) Exhaust manifold
 - c) Air filter assembly
 - d) Intake manifold
7. A failing PCV valve can often cause:
- a) Accumulation of oil in the air filter housing
 - b) Consistently high engine idle
 - c) Reduced engine coolant temperature
 - d) Enhanced catalytic converter efficiency
8. In an orifice-controlled PCV system, what replaces the traditional PCV valve?
- a) A calibrated orifice in the air filter
 - b) A restricted opening that regulates airflow based on pressure
 - c) An adjustable valve controlled by the PCM
 - d) A vacuum-actuated bypass valve
9. Which diagnostic tool would most accurately measure crankcase vacuum in a PCV system test?
- a) Voltmeter
 - b) Torque wrench
 - c) Manometer
 - d) Timing light

10. What happens in a properly functioning PCV valve when the engine backfires?

- a) The valve opens to release pressure
- b) The valve closes to prevent flames from entering the crankcase
- c) The valve directs air into the intake manifold
- d) The valve seals to maintain vacuum in the intake system

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Answer Key Quiz A

Correct Answers:

1. a
2. c
3. b
4. b
5. d
6. b
7. a
8. b
9. c
10. b