

Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition
Chapter 39 – Turbocharging and Supercharging
Multiple Choice Questions Quiz B

1. What does volumetric efficiency measure in an engine?
 - a. The ability of the engine to pull in air
 - b. The temperature of the air–fuel mixture
 - c. The comparison of the actual air–fuel mixture drawn into the engine to its theoretical maximum capacity
 - d. The combustion chamber’s resistance to heat

2. What is the main advantage of a turbocharger over a supercharger?
 - a. It uses exhaust heat to drive the turbine, avoiding the consumption of engine power
 - b. It provides instant boost without lag
 - c. It requires less frequent maintenance than a supercharger
 - d. It does not need any form of lubrication

3. Which component is primarily responsible for controlling boost pressure in a turbocharged engine?
 - a. Bypass valve
 - b. Wastegate
 - c. Intercooler
 - d. Boost solenoid

4. What is the purpose of an intercooler in a forced induction system?
 - a. To reduce the temperature of compressed air before it enters the engine
 - b. To lubricate the bearings in a turbocharger
 - c. To cool exhaust gases before they enter the turbocharger
 - d. To increase the mass of fuel entering the engine

5. How does a bypass valve function in a supercharged engine?
- a. It redirects intake air around the supercharger when boost is not needed
 - b. It cools the intake air to prevent detonation
 - c. It limits the exhaust flow to the turbine
 - d. It ensures the supercharger operates at a constant speed
6. What is a primary cause of turbo lag in a turbocharged engine?
- a. The inertia of the exhaust gas and turbine wheel
 - b. A stuck-closed wastegate
 - c. Delayed activation of the intercooler
 - d. Insufficient intake manifold pressure
7. Which of the following is a sign of a failing turbocharger?
- a. Excessive oil consumption and blue smoke from the exhaust
 - b. High intake manifold pressure during idle
 - c. Instant boost without engine load
 - d. Unresponsive throttle position sensors
8. How is boost pressure typically measured?
- a. In horsepower units (HP)
 - b. In pounds per square inch (PSI), atmospheres, or bars
 - c. In cubic centimeters (cc)
 - d. In revolutions per minute (RPM)

9. Why is it important to regularly replace the oil in turbocharged engines?

- a. To avoid coking of the oil in the turbocharger's center housing
- b. To maintain proper fuel-air ratios in the engine
- c. To ensure the wastegate operates efficiently
- d. To prevent clogging in the throttle body

10. What does a blow-off valve do in a turbocharged system?

- a. Vents pressurized air when the throttle is closed during boost
- b. Increases the airflow through the intake manifold
- c. Reduces the turbocharger's rotational speed at low RPM
- d. Prevents excessive fuel injection during deceleration

Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition
Chapter 39 – Turbocharging and Supercharging
Answer Key Quiz B

Correct Answers:

1. c
2. a
3. b
4. a
5. a
6. d
7. a
8. b
9. a
10. b