Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition Chapter 35 – Fuel-Injection Parts and Operation Multiple Choice Questions Quiz A

- 1. In an electronic fuel injection system, what primarily controls the fuel injector's pulse width?
- a) Throttle position (TP) sensor
- b) Oxygen sensor (O2S)
- c) Manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor
- d) Intake air temperature (IAT) sensor
- 2. What is the purpose of a fuel-pressure regulator in a return-type fuel-injection system?
- a) To reduce fuel flow to the injectors at high RPMs
- b) To maintain constant pressure across the fuel injectors
- c) To vent excess pressure back to the intake manifold
- d) To equalize the pressure between the fuel rail and fuel pump
- 3. Technician A states that the PCM controls the fuel-pump relay in most electronic fuel injection systems. Technician B says the PCM also directly adjusts the pressure regulator's settings. Who is correct?
- a) Technician A only
- b) Technician B only
- c) Both Technician A and Technician B
- d) Neither Technician A nor B
- 4. A speed-density fuel injection system primarily relies on which two inputs to determine fuel delivery?
- a) Throttle position and oxygen sensors
- b) Mass airflow and barometric pressure sensors
- c) Engine speed and manifold pressure
- d) Fuel pressure and intake air temperature



- 5. Which fuel injection mode is used to clear a flooded engine by reducing the injector pulse width significantly?
- a) Starting mode
- b) Clear flood mode
- c) Open loop mode
- d) Acceleration enrichment mode
- 6. In a vacuum-controlled fuel-pressure regulator, a vacuum line is attached to:
- a) Increase fuel flow during high-load conditions
- b) Reduce pressure to the injectors at idle
- c) Adjust fuel pressure based on altitude
- d) Maintain a constant pressure drop across injectors
- 7. What advantage does the demand delivery system (DDS) offer over mechanical returnless fuel systems?
- a) It uses fewer sensors, reducing complexity
- b) It allows precise control of fuel rail pressure to match engine demand
- c) It does not require a fuel-pump relay
- 8. The purpose of the fuel rail in a port fuel-injection system is to:
- a) Reduce fuel pressure pulses for quieter operation
- b) Filter contaminants before fuel reaches the injectors
- c) Mix fuel with air for improved atomization
- d) Act as a reservoir, supplying fuel to all injectors evenly
- 9. What sensor input allows the PCM to modify the base pulse width in closed-loop mode?
- a) Mass airflow sensor (MAF)
- b) Throttle position sensor (TP)
- c) Oxygen sensor (O2S)
- d) Engine coolant temperature sensor (ECT)



- 10. Which type of idle speed control device is commonly used in electronic throttle control (ETC) systems?
- a) Idle air control (IAC) motor
- b) Stepper motor
- c) Throttle body actuator motor
- d) Vacuum-operated bypass valve



Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition Chapter 35 – Fuel-Injection Parts and Operation Answer Key Quiz A

Correct Answers:

- 1. c
- 2. b
- 3. a
- 4. c
- 5. b
- 6. d
- 7. b
- 8. d
- 9. c
- 10. c

