

Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition
Chapter 12 – Batteries and Battery Testing and Service
Multiple Choice Questions Quiz B

1. What is the main purpose of an automotive battery?
 - a) To store current for emergency use
 - b) To power the alternator during charging
 - c) To monitor voltage levels in the electrical system
 - d) To supply current to start the engine and stabilize the electrical system

2. What material is typically used to construct the grids in automotive batteries?
 - a) Pure lead with antimony or calcium additives
 - b) Aluminum for lightweight durability
 - c) Copper for high conductivity
 - d) Nickel for corrosion resistance

3. What does the term "cold-cranking amperes (CCA)" represent in battery ratings?
 - a) The voltage drop during a high-rate discharge test
 - b) The number of minutes a battery can provide 25 amperes
 - c) The amperage available at 32°F (0°C)
 - d) The maximum current the battery can deliver at -18°C (0°F) for 30 seconds

4. What is the function of separators in a battery?
 - a) To isolate the cells to prevent voltage loss
 - b) To insulate and separate positive and negative plates
 - c) To increase the battery's reserve capacity
 - d) To reduce the amount of electrolyte required

5. Which type of battery is specifically designed for vehicles with start-stop systems?
- a) Enhanced Flooded Battery (EFB)
 - b) Flooded Lead Acid (FLA) Battery
 - c) Absorbed Glass Mat (AGM) Battery
 - d) Nickel-Metal Hydride (NiMH) Battery
6. What chemical reaction occurs during the discharge of a lead-acid battery?
- a) Lead dioxide reacts with sulfuric acid to form lead sulfate and water
 - b) Lead combines with oxygen to form lead oxide
 - c) Sulfuric acid is converted directly into hydrogen gas
 - d) The electrolyte becomes more acidic as discharge progresses
7. Why is it important to secure a battery with a hold-down bracket?
- a) To ensure proper ventilation during charging
 - b) To prevent vibration-induced damage to internal plates
 - c) To reduce parasitic draw from the electrical system
 - d) To maintain consistent electrolyte levels
8. Which tool is commonly used to test a battery's state of charge by measuring specific gravity?
- a) Hydrometer
 - b) Multimeter
 - c) Conductance tester
 - d) Clamp-on ammeter

9. What is the purpose of a float-type charger?

- a) To apply a small, continuous charge regardless of battery condition
- b) To monitor the battery and charge only when needed
- c) To rapidly charge the battery in under one hour
- d) To balance electrolyte levels during charging

10. What should be done to remove a surface charge before testing a battery?

- a) Drive the vehicle for at least 10 minutes
- b) Leave the battery disconnected for 30 minutes
- c) Turn on the headlights for 1 minute, then turn them off
- d) Perform a high-rate discharge test for 15 seconds

Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance 9th Edition
Chapter 12 – Batteries and Battery Testing and Service
Answer Key Quiz B

Correct Answers:

1. d
2. a
3. d
4. b
5. a
6. a
7. b
8. a
9. b
10. c