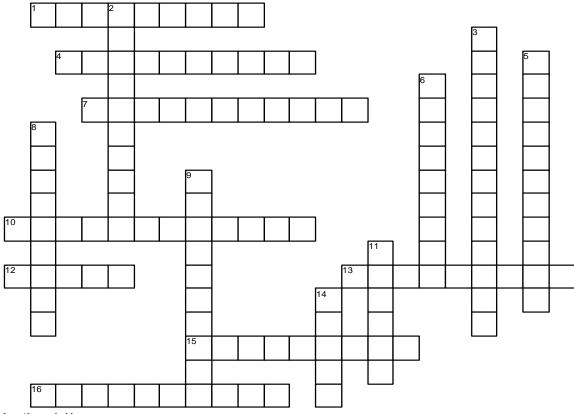
Air-Conditioning System Diagnosis and ServiceChapter 66



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ACROSS

	Some manuracturers install an electronic evaporation
	dry er (EED), also called an module.
4	Restricted airf low thorough the can be
	detected by using pressure gauges and/or
	differential temperature measurements across
	components.
7	Many HVAC systems are controlled by the
	module (BCM).
10	is a condition that can be detected by
	using pressure gauges and looking at both the low-
	side and high-side pressure.
12	The step in the strategy-based diagnosis
	process is to find the root cause of the customer
	concern.
13	The in the strategy-based diagnosis
	process is to perform an A/C performance test,
	which is used to determine if the system is capable
	of performing as designed.
15	The fourth step in the strategy-based diagnosis
	process is to check service bulletins
	(TSBs).
16	A or dirty condensor can be detected
	by using pressure gauges and/or differential
	temperature measurements across components

DOWN

2	Some manufacturers install an electronic
	dry er (EED), also called an after-blow
	module.
3	When diagnosing a heating and air-conditioning
	system problem, most vehicle manufacturers
	recommend a following
	diagnosis.
5	is a condition that can be
	detected by using pressure gauges and looking at
	both the low-side and high-side pressure.
6	problems also occur when the
	exhaust pipes make metal-to-metal contact with the
	v ehicle body.
8	A restricted device (TXV or OT) can
	be detected by using pressure gauges and looking
	at both the low-side and high-side pressure and/or
	differential temperature measurements across
	components.
9	trouble codes (DTC)
	A inspection of the underhood items
	includes checking the condition of the A/C
	compressor drive belt.
14	The A/C system is the potential source for several
7	problems, and the compressor and clutch
	are the main culprits.

