## Wiring Schematics And Circuit Testing

## Chapter 42



## ACROSS

1 A $\qquad$ is a handheld meter that responds to weak magnetic fields.
3 A $\qquad$ switch has three terminals, one wire in and two wires out.
6 The metal part attached at the end of a wire is called a $\qquad$ -.
8 A $\qquad$ - $\qquad$ affects the power side of the circuit and usually inv olves more than on circuit.
9 The switch is electrically connected to its internal contacts and current will flow through the switch, this type of switch is labeled $\qquad$
10 Each wire in part of a circuit is labeled with the
$\qquad$ to help the serv ice technician trace the wiring and to provide an explanation of how the circuit should work.
14 In a wiring schematic, the abbrev iation GRN means the color $\qquad$ .
15 A $\qquad$ switch is a switch primarily used to send a voltage signal to a module or controller to request that a device be turned on or of $f$.
17 A $\qquad$ switch has six terminals, three for each pole.
18 A $\qquad$ switch has only two positions, on or of $f$.

## DOWN

2 A wiring $\qquad$ shows electrical components and wiring using sy mbols and lines to represent components and wires.
3 A $\qquad$ is an electrical connection to another wire or to ground bef ore the current flows through some or all of the resistance of the circuit.
4 A $\qquad$ tester generates a tone that can be heard through a receiver (probe).
5 The $\qquad$ refer to the number of circuits completed by the switch.
7 A $\qquad$ provides the magnetic pull to a movable armature.
11 A $\qquad$ is a magnetic switch that uses a movable armature to control a high-amperage circuit by using a low-amperage electrical switch.
12 The $\qquad$ ref er to the number of output cricuits.
13 The switch is not connected to its internal contacts and no current will flow, this ty pe of switch is labeled $\qquad$
16 A $\qquad$ switch has two positions and can control two separate circuits.

