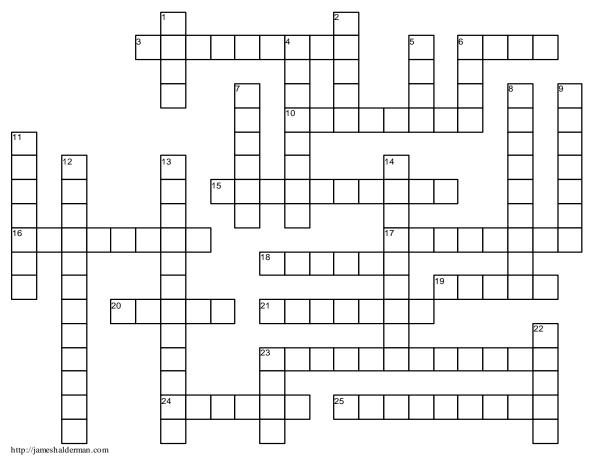
Manual Transmissions/Transaxles

Chapter 122



ACROSS

| 3 | The rear of the transmission usually includes a separate | |
|------|---|--|
| | casting called the housing. | |
| 6 | taper is an angle cut opposite to the chamfer so that | |
| | spline or tooth narrows just behind the chamfered end. | |
| 10 | Spur and helical gears have gear teeth on the outside | |
| | circumference and are called gears. | |
| 15 | The assembly is another name for the | |
| | differential assembly. | |
| 16 | Withmesh gears, the shift linkage moves the 5- | |
| | reverse synchronizer sleeve away from the fifth speed gear | |
| | and toward the reverse speed gear when reverse is selected. $ \\$ | |
| 17 | A sits between the speed gear and the sleeve. | |
| 18 | When the gear ratio is 1:1, you get drive. | |
| 19 | The teeth of a gear are cut at an angle to the outside | |
| | gear surface. | |
| 20 | Another name for the front bearing retainer is the | |
| 21 | The gears on the countershaft are called gears. | |
| 23 | The real "shifting" in a synchromesh transmission takes place | |
| | in the assemblies, not the gears. | |
| 24 | The shaft is another name for the main shaft. | |
| 25 | When driven gear speed is slower than drive gear speed, | |
| | gearis provided. | |
| | | |
| DOWN | | |

1 Another name for the centerline of a gear is the ____.



| 2 | The shaft is splined to the clutch disc. |
|----|--|
| 4 | Gears having teeth along the inside circumference are called |
| | ring gears. |
| 5 | The shaft is splined at the end and transmits engine |
| | torque to the drive shaft through a yoke and U-joint. |
| 6 | The front of the transmission attaches to a separate |
| | housing. |
| 7 | gear sets have gear teeth that are curved much like |
| | the teeth of a spiral bevel gear. |
| 8 | When a driven gear turns faster than its drive gear, you get |
| | · |
| 9 | With the reverse gear design, the shift linkage slide: |
| | the reverse idler gear on its shaft until it engages the reverse |
| | gears on the countershaft and output shaft gear. |
| 11 | A gear has its teeth cut at an angle to the axis of the |
| | gear. |
| 12 | All manual transmissions/transaxles use a to |
| | provide the other set of gears necessary to achieve the |
| | changes in gear ratios. |
| 13 | The center transmission housing is usually referred to as the |
| | case. |
| 14 | In, the shift linkage slides the 1-2 synchronizer |
| | sleeve rearward toward the first speed gear. |
| 22 | At the front of the transmission is the bearing retainer |
| | that supports the clutch throwout bearing and usually houses |
| | the grease seal. |

23 The simplest type of gear is the ____ gear.