Automotive Electricity and Electronics, 6th Edition Chapter 103 - Drum Brakes Chapter 103	
Name	
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.	
1) Why should a driver allow the brakes to cool before backing a long distance?	
2) What is a labyrinth seal?	
3) How does a self-adjusting brake mechanism work?	
4) What is the difference between a dual-servo and a leading-trailing drum brake system?	
5) List all the parts of a typical drum brake.	

Answer Key

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1) The brakes could over adjust if the driver repeatedly depresses and releases the brake pedal while backing the trailer down the boat ramp.

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2) The lip fits into a machined groove in the open edge of the brake drum to provide an even better water barrier or seal. This type of seal is called a labyrinth seal.

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3) A typical self-adjuster moves the star wheel adjuster when the brakes are released after a brake application when the vehicle is traveling in reverse.

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4) A dual-servo brake uses the force of the primary brake shoe to engage the secondary shoe against the drum with even greater force. In a leading/trailing drum brake, each shoe works independently resulting in a more linear brake application.

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5) The parts of a typical drum brake include, backing plate, anchor pin, primary (leading) shoe, secondary (trailing) shoe, hold-down springs, adjusting levers, and return springs.

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