Oscilloscopes And Graphing Multimeters

Chapter 43



ACROSS

- 1 An analog scope uses a _____ similar to a television screen to display voltage patterns.
- **3** _____ refers to the percentage of on-time of the signal during one complete cycle.
- **4** A digital scope takes samples of the signals that can be stopped or stored and is therefore called a ____.
- 7 The _____ is the voltage direction that a wav eform must have in order to start the display.
- **13** Setting the _____ means setting how much time will be displayed in each block called a division.
- **14** A ______ is a cross between a digital meter and a digital storage oscilloscope.
- 16 The number of events, which require leads for each is called a _____.
- 17 An _____ is a visual voltmeter with a timer that shows when a voltage changes.
- **18** The transparent scale, used for reference measurements, is called a _____.

DOWN

- **2** An _____ is when the wav eform starts when a signal is received from another external source rather than from the signal pickup lead.
- 4 ______ is the most used position on a scope because it allows the scope to display both alternating current voltage signals and direct current voltage signals present in the circuit.
- 5 _____ is the number of cycles per second measured in hertz.
- 6 Setting the time base means setting how much time is displayed in each block, called a _____.
- 8 Duty cycle is also called ____ and can be measured in degrees.
- **9** _____ is the voltage that must be detected by the scope before the pattern will be display ed.
- 10 When the _____ position is selected, a capacitor is placed into the meter lead circuit, which effectively blocks all DC voltage signals but allows the AC portion of the signal to pass and be displayed.
- **11** The _____ is a measure of the actual on-time measured in milliseconds.
- 12 A DC voltage that turns on and off in a series of pulses is called a _____.
- 15 Frequency is measured in _____.

