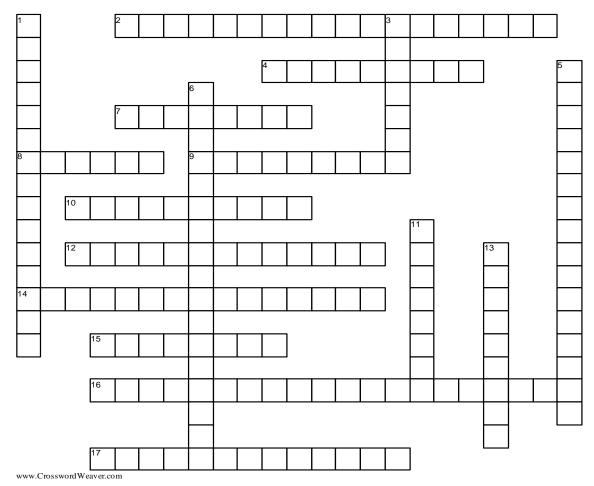
Engine Blocks

Chapter 34



## ACROSS

- 2 Sleeves that are not in contact with the coolant passages are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 The cylinder head is fastened to the top surface of the block, called the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 Cylinder blocks with deep gouges may be able to be salvaged by \_\_\_\_\_\_the cylinder.
- 8 Many engines use a \_\_\_\_\_\_ which ties all of the main bearing caps together to add strength to the lower part of the block.
- **9** Another name for freeze plugs are
- 10 During manufacture, all oil holes, called the \_\_\_\_\_, are drilled from outside the block.
- **12** Coolant passages around the cylinders are often called the
- 14 After oil holes are drilled, the

- **15** The size of the abrasive is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
- 16 Some engines are built with \_\_\_\_\_\_ where the cylinder walls are cast together without a water jacket between the cylinders.
- 17 The process of using a course and fine stone is called \_\_\_\_\_

## DOWN

1 The block deck must be resurfaced in a surfacing machine that can control the amount of metal removed when it is necessary to match the size of the combustion chambers, this procedure is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

- 3 Main bearing bores are called
- 5 The hone is stroked up and down in the cylinder as it rotates to produce a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the cylinder wall which aides in proper ring break-in.
- 6 Coolant flows around the cylinder sleeve, so this type of sleeve is called a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 11 A \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a structural member that attaches to the bottom of the block and supports the crankshaft.
- 13 Blocks are often of the \_\_\_\_\_\_design, which means that the cylinder, water jacket, main bearing supports, and oil passages are all cast as one structure for strength and quietness.

