SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.  1) In what unit is magnetic field strength measured?  2) How can EMI be reduced or controlled?  3) What is the difference between mutual induction and self-induction?  4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?  5) What is the result if a magnet cracks?	Automotive Electrical and Engine Performance, 8th Edition Chapter 11
1) In what unit is magnetic field strength measured?  2) How can EMI be reduced or controlled?  3) What is the difference between mutual induction and self-induction?  4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	Name
2) How can EMI be reduced or controlled?  3) What is the difference between mutual induction and self-induction?  4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.
3) What is the difference between mutual induction and self-induction?  4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	1) In what unit is magnetic field strength measured?
3) What is the difference between mutual induction and self-induction?  4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	
4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	2) How can EMI be reduced or controlled?
4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	
4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	
4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?	
	3) What is the difference between mutual induction and self-induction?
	4) What is the relationship between electricity and magnetism?
5) What is the result if a magnet cracks?	
5) What is the result if a magnet cracks?	
	5) What is the result if a magnet cracks?

## Answer Key

Testname: AEEP8\_SHORT11

1) The magnetic field strength is often expressed in the units called ampere-turns.

Page Ref: 162

- 2) Electromagnetic interference (EMI) can be reduced by using:
  - Resistance in the circuit
  - Capacitor in the circuit
  - Coils in the circuit
  - Shielding
  - Ground wire or strap

Page Ref: 169

3) Self-induction occurs when current starts to flow through a conductor, creating a self-induced voltage that opposes the current. Mutual induction occurs when the magnetic field in one conductor or coil induces a voltage in another conductor or coil.

Page Ref: 165-166

- 4) Whenever electricity is flowing through a conductor, a magnetic field around the conductor is formed. Whenever a conductor is moved through a magnetic field or a magnetic field is moved past a conductor, electricity is created. Page Ref: 161
- $5) \ A$  cracked magnet becomes two weaker magnets.

Page Ref: 158