Automotive Brake Systems, 7th Edition Chapter 10	
Name	
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or an	nswers the question.
1) What is the difference between a dual-servo and a leading-trailing drum brak	se system?
2) What is a labyrinth seal?	
3) List all the parts of a typical drum brake.	
4) Why should a driver allow the brakes to cool before backing a long distance?	
5) How does a self-adjusting brake mechanism work?	

Answer Key

Testname: BRAKES7_SHORT10

1) A dual-servo brake uses the force of the primary brake shoe to engage the secondary shoe against the drum with even greater force. In a leading/trailing drum brake, each shoe works independently resulting in a more linear brake application.

Page Ref: 165-166

2) The lip fits into a machined groove in the open edge of the brake drum to provide an even better water barrier or seal. This type of seal is called a labyrinth seal.

Page Ref: 159

3) The parts of a typical drum brake include, backing plate, anchor pin, primary (leading) shoe, secondary (trailing) shoe, hold-down springs, adjusting levers, and return springs.

Page Ref: 163

4) Self-adjusters can over adjust the rear drum brakes if the brake drums are hot and have increased in diameter due to the heat.

Page Ref: 171

5) A typical self-adjuster moves the star wheel adjuster when the brakes are released after a brake application when the vehicle is traveling in reverse.

Page Ref: 169-170