

# Brake Fluid Flush and Fill

Meets NATEF Task: (A5-B-12) Bleed and/or flush brake system. (P-1)

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Time on Task \_\_\_\_\_

Make/Model/Year \_\_\_\_\_ VIN \_\_\_\_\_ Evaluation: 4 3 2 1

Many vehicle manufacturers recommend the replacement of brake fluid every 2 or 3 years (24,000 - 36,000 miles or 38,000 - 58,000 km).

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Check the service information for the specified brake bleeding procedure for the vehicle being serviced.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Use a turkey baster or similar tool to remove most of the old brake fluid from the master cylinder reservoir.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Refill the master cylinder with new brake fluid from a sealed container.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Hoist the vehicle safely.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Bleed the brake fluid from the right rear wheel brake until clean brake fluid is observed.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Repeat the bleeding process for the left rear, right front, then the left front wheel brakes.

**NOTE:** Check the level of the brake fluid often and refill as necessary. Do not allow the master cylinder reservoir to become empty.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. After all the wheel brakes have been bled with clean brake fluid, lower the vehicle and test drive checking for proper operation of the brakes before returning the vehicle to the customer.

