A6 Electricity & Electronics 4th Edition

Chapter 18 Battery Testing & Service

Opening Your Class

KEY ELEMENT	EXAMPLES
Introduce Content	This course or class covers operation and service of Automotive
	Electricity and Electronics Systems. It correlates material to task lists specified by ASE and NATEF.
Motivate Learners	Explain how the knowledge of how something works translates into the ability to use that knowledge to figure why the engine does not work correctly and how this saves diagnosis time, which translates into more money.
State the learning	Explain the chapter learning objectives to the students.
objectives for the chapter or course you are about to	1. List the precautions necessary when working with batteries.
cover and explain this is what they should be able to do as a result of attending this session or class.	2. Describe how to inspect and clean battery cables, connectors, clamps, and hold-downs.
	3. Discuss how to test batteries for open-circuit voltage and specific gravity.
	4. Describe how to perform a battery load test and a conductance test.
	5. Explain how to safely charge or jump-start a battery.
	6. Discuss how to perform a battery drain test.
	This chapter will help you prepare for the ASE
	Electrical/Electronic Systems (A6) certification test content
	area "A" (General Electrical/Electronic System Diagnosis).
Establish the Mood or	Provide a <i>WELCOME,</i> Avoid put downs and bad jokes.
Climate	
Complete Essentials	Restrooms, breaks, registration, tests, etc.
Clarify and Establish	Do a round robin of the class by going around the room and having
Knowledge Base	each student give their backgrounds, years of experience, family,
	hobbies, career goals, or anything they want to share.

Ch18 Battery Testing & Service ICONS 1. SLIDE 1 CH18 Battery Testing & Service 2. SLIDES 2-4 EXPLAIN OBJECTIVES **Check for ADDITIONAL VIDEOS & ANIMATIONS** @ http://www.jameshalderman.com/ **WEB SITE IS CONSTANTLY UPDATED** 5. SLIDE 5 EXPLAIN: BATTERY SERVICE SAFETY **CONSIDERATIONS** 6. SLIDE 6 EXPLAIN: SYMPTOMS of WEAK or DEFECTIVE BATTERY 7. SLIDE 7 EXPLAIN Figure 18-1 visual inspection on this battery shows the electrolyte level was below the plates in all cells & EXPLAIN Figure 18-2 Corrosion on a battery cable could be an indication that the battery itself is either being overcharged or is sulfated, creating a lot of gassing of the electrolyte. **DEMONSTRATION:** USING A VOLTMETER, DEMONSTRATE HOW TO FIND CORRODED AND/OR DEMO POOR CONNECTIONS BY MEASURING VOLTAGE DROP (FIGURE 18-2). 8. SLIDE 8 EXPLAIN: BATTERY MAINTENANCE 9. SLIDE 9 EXPLAIN Figure 18-3 Besides baking soda and water, a sugar-free diet soft drink can also be used to neutralize the battery acid. **DEMONSTRATION: SHOW PROPER PROCEDURE** FOR REMOVING SURFACE CHARGE. LOAD BATTERY DEMO WITH FIXED LOAD FOR 15 SEC. TO REMOVE **SURFACE CHARGE, USING AVR FIGURE 18-3** SHOW VIDEO: BATTERY REMOVAL VIDEO HTTP://MEDIA.PEARSONCMG.COM/PH/CHET/CHET_MYLABS/AKAMAI/TEMPLATE/VIDEO640X480.PHP %20REMOVAL&CLIP=PANDC/CHET/2012/AUTOMOTIVE/AUTO_SHOP_SAFETY/CLIP15BATTREMOV1. MOV&CAPTION=CHET/CHET_MYLABS/AKAMAI/2012/AUTOMOTIVE/AUTO_SHOP_SAFETY/XML/CLIP1 10. SLIDE 10 EXPLAIN Battery Voltage and **Hydrometer Test** 11. SLIDE 11 EXPLAIN Figure 18-4 (a) A voltage reading of 12.28 volts indicates that the battery is not fully charged and should be charged before testing & **EXPLAIN Figure 18-4 (b)** battery that measures 12.6 volts or higher after the surface charge has been removed

is 100% charged.

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Ch18 Battery Testing & Service

















<u>DEMONSTRATION:</u> DEMO OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE (OCV) TEST FIGURE 18-4

12. SLIDE 12 EXPLAIN Figure 18-5 When testing a battery using a hydrometer, the reading must be corrected if the temperature is above or below 80°F (27°C).

DISCUSSION: DISCUSS CORRELATION BETWEEN SPECIFIC GRAVITY, OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE, & BATTERY STATE OF CHARGE. HOW DO YOU DETECT DEFECTIVE BATTERY? TALK ABOUT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE AND SPECIFIC GRAVITY WHEN DETERMINING BATTERY STATE OF CHARGE. WHY MIGHT A TECHNICIAN PREFER ONE OR THE OTHER?

- 13. SLIDE 13 EXPLAIN: BATTERY LOAD TESTING
- **14. SLIDE 14 EXPLAIN Figure 18-6** This battery has cold-cranking amperes (CCA) of 550 A, cranking amperes (CA) of 680 A, and load test amperes of 270 A listed on the top label. Not all batteries have this complete information.

<u>DEMONSTRATION:</u> SHOW STUDENTS HOW TO LOAD TEST BATTERY. TYPICALLY DONE AT ½ CCR.

VIDEO: BATTERY LOAD TESTING

HTTP://MEDIA.PEARSONCMG.COM/PH/CHET/CHET_MYLABS/AKAM AI/TEMPLATE/VIDEO640X480.PHP?TITLE=LOAD%20TESTING %20THE

%20BATTERY&CLIP=PANDC/CHET/2012/AUTOMOTIVE/STARTING _CHARGING_ELECT/A6T3.MOV&CAPTION=CHET/CHET_MYLABS/AK AMAI/2012/AUTOMOTIVE/STARTING_CHARGING_ELECT/XML/A6T 3.XML

- 15. SLIDE 15 EXPLAIN Figure 18-7 An alternator regulator battery starter tester (ARBST) automatically loads the battery with a fixed load for 15 sec. to remove the surface charge, then removes the load for 30 sec. to allow the battery to recover, and then reapplies the load for another 15 sec. The results of the test are then displayed.
- 16. SLIDE 16 EXPLAIN Figure 18-8 Most light-duty vehicles equipped with two batteries are connected in parallel as shown. Two 500 A, 12 volt batteries are capable of supplying 1,000 A at 12 volts, which is needed

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ICONS	Ch18 Battery Testing & Service
	 to start many diesel engines. 17. SLIDE 17 EXPLAIN FIGURE 18–9 Many heavy-duty trucks and buses use two 12 volt batteries connected in series to provide 24 volts. 18. SLIDE 18 EXPLAIN: ELECTRONIC CONDUCTANCE TESTING 19. SLIDE 19 EXPLAIN Figure 18-10 conductance tester
	is very easy to use and has proved to accurately determine battery condition if the connections are properly made. Follow instructions on the display exactly for best results
QUESTION	DISCUSSION: HAVE STUDENTS DISCUSS DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BATTERY LOAD TESTING AND CONDUCTANCE TESTING. WHAT ARE PROS & CONS OF EACH?
DEMO	<u>DEMONSTRATION:</u> SHOW STUDENTS HOW TO PROPERLY TEST A BATTERY USING CONDUCTANCE TESTER FIGURE 18-10 CONDUCTANCE TESTING
	20. SLIDE 20 EXPLAIN BATTERY CHARGING
	21. SLIDE 21 EXPLAIN Figure 18-11 A typical industrial battery charger. Be sure that the ignition switch is in the off position before connecting any battery charger. Connect the cables of the charger to the battery before plugging the charger into the outlet. This helps prevent a voltage spike and spark that could occur if the charger happened to be accidentally left on. Always follow the battery charger manufacturer's instructions. DEMONSTRATION: SHOW HOW TO PROPERLY
DEMO	DISABLE HIGH-VOLTAGE BATTERY TO DECREASE RISK OF INJURY/DEATH WHEN WORKING AROUND HIGH VOLTAGE SYSTEMS.
	 22. SLIDE 22 EXPLAIN FIGURE 18–12 Adapters should be used on side terminal batteries whenever charging. 23. SLIDE 23 EXPLAIN: BATTERY CHARGE TIME
	24. SLIDE 24 EXPLAIN Figure 18-13 A typical battery jump box used to jump start vehicles. These handportable units have almost made jumper cables obsolete.

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Jump Box Usage Jump Starting Hybrids



Jumper Cable Usage

- 25. SLIDE 25 EXPLAIN FIGURE 18–14 Jumper cable usage guide. Notice that the last connection should be the engine block of the disabled vehicle to help prevent the spark that normally occurs from igniting the gases from the battery
- **26. SLIDE 26 EXPLAIN FIGURE 18–15** The code on the Delphi battery indicates that it was built in 2005 (5), in February (B), on the eleventh day (11), during third shift (C), and in the Canadian plant (Z)
- **27. SLIDE 27: EXPLAIN** BATTERY ELECTRICAL DRAIN TEST
- 28. SLIDE 28 EXPLAIN Figure 18-16 This mini clampon digital multimeter is being used to measure the amount of battery electrical drain that is present. In this case, a reading of 20 Ma (displayed on the meter as 00.02 A) is within the normal range of 20 to 30 Ma. Be sure to clamp around all of the positive battery cable or all of the negative battery cable, whichever is easiest to get the clamp around.



PARASITIC DRAW TEST VIDEO

HTTP://MEDIA.PEARSONCMG.COM/PH/CHET/CHET_MYLABS/AKAMAI/TEMPLATE/VIDEO640X480.PHP ?TITLE=MEASURING%20PARASITIC %20DRAW&CLIP=PANDC/CHET/2012/AUTOMOTIVE/STARTING_CHARGING_ELECT/A6T1.MOV&CAPT_ION=CHET/CHET_MYLABS/AKAMAI/2012/AUTOMOTIVE/STARTING_CHARGING_ELECT/XML/A6T1.X

29. SLIDE 29 EXPLAIN Figure 18-17 After connecting the shut-off tool, start the engine and operate all accessories. Stop the engine and turn off everything. Connect the ammeter across the shut-off switch in parallel. Wait 20 minutes. This time allows all electronic circuits to "time out" or shut down. Open the switch—all current now will flow through the ammeter. A reading greater than specified (usually greater than 50 Ma, or 0.05 A) indicates a problem that should be corrected.



<u>DEMONSTRATION</u>: SHOW STUDENTS HOW TO PERFORM A PARASITIC DRAW TEST USING AN AMMETER WITH AN INDUCTIVE LEAD.

DEMO

DEMONSTRATION: SHOW THE STUDENTS HOW TO PERFORM A PARASITIC DRAW TEST USING AN AMMETER HOOKED UP IN SERIES.

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Ch18 Battery Testing & Service







31. SLIDE 31 EXPLAIN Figure 18-18 battery was replaced in this Acura and the radio displayed "code" when the replacement battery was installed. Thankfully, the owner had the five-digit code required to unlock the radio.



DISCUSSION: DISCUSS WHY VEHICLE MANUFACTURERS USE RADIOS THAT REQUIRE **CODES AFTER THE BATTERY HAS BEEN** DISCONNECTED. WHAT SHOULD BE CHECKED BEFORE DISCONNECTING BATTERY?



32. SLIDE 32 EXPLAIN FIGURE 18–19 (a) Memory saver. The part numbers represent components from Radio Shack. (b) A schematic drawing of same memory saver. Some experts recommend using a 12 volt lantern battery instead of a small 9 volt battery to help ensure that there will be enough voltage in the event that a door is opened while the vehicle battery is disconnected. Interior lights could quickly drain small 9 volt



DEMONSTRATION: SHOW HOW TO USE A MEMORY SAVER TO RETAIN RADIO MEMORY. **FIGURE 18-19**



33. SLIDE 33 EXPLAIN FIGURE 18–20 Many newer vehicles have batteries that are sometimes difficult to find. Some are located under plastic panels under the hood, under the front fender, or even under the rear seat. The jump-start instructions indicate that the spare tire hold-down bolt is to be used as the ground connection if jump starting is necessary



34. SLIDE 34 EXPLAIN SUMMARY **COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: MEASURE AND DIAGNOSE THE CAUSE (S) OF EXCESSIVE PARASITIC DRAW; DETERMINE NECESSARY**

ACTION.



COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: MAINTAIN OR RESTORE ELECTRONIC MEMORY FUNCTIONS.



COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET PERFORM BATTERY **STATE-OF-CHARGE (CONDUCTANCE) TEST; DETERMINE NECESSARY ACTION. PERFORM BATTERY CAPACITY TEST; CONFIRM PROPER BATTERY CAPACITY FOR VEHICLE APPLICATION;**

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COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: INSPECT, CLEAN, FILL, AND/OR REPLACE BATTERY, BATTERY CABLES, CONNECTORS, CLAMPS, AND HOLDDOWNS

COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: PERFORM BATTERY CHARGE

COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: START A VEHICLE USING JUMPER CABLES OR AN AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY

COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: IDENTIFY ELECTRONIC MODULES, SECURITY SYSTEMS, RADIOS, AND OTHER ACCESSORIES THAT REQUIRE REINITIALIZATION OR CODE ENTRY FOLLOWING BATTERY DISCONNECT.

COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET: IDENTIFY HYBRID VEHICLE AUXILIARY (12V) BATTERY SERVICE, REPAIR AND TEST PROCEDURES.