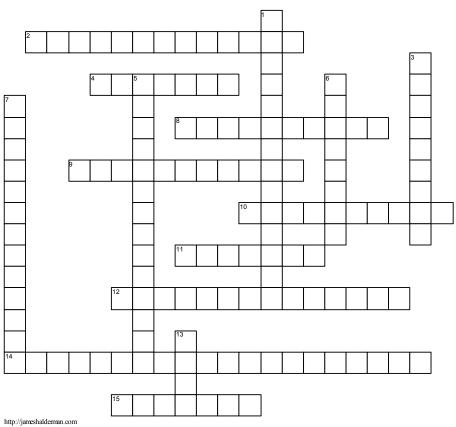
## Cylinder Head And Valve Guide Service

Chapter 30



## **ACROSS**

## 2 By placing the intake and the exhaust valves on the opposite side of the combustion chamber, an easy path from the intake port through the combustion chamber to the exhaust port is provided, this is design.

- 4 Checking the cylinder head gasket surface in five planes checks the head for , distortion, bend, and twist.
- is an area of the combustion chamber where the piston nearly contacts the cylinder head.
- 9 Shared ports are called
- 10 The squish area can also be the the air-fuel mixture is cooled by the cylinder head.
- \_ type of resurfacer uses metal-cutting tool bits fastened in a disc.
- **12** The type uses a large-diameter abrasive wheel.
- **14** The is an important design consideration for combustion chambers.
- 15 Modifications in the field, such as result in restricting the flow of such a carefully designed port.

## DOWN

- means that the valve is kept close to the walls of the combustion chamber to help increase mixture turbulence. 3 Another name for the cam bearing bore is the \_\_\_\_
- 5 Another classification of surface finish, which is becoming obsolete, is called the
- 6 The cylinder head surface that mates with the top deck of the block is often called the
- 7 Some domestic vehicle manufacturers that have integral valve guides in their engines recommend reaming wom valve guides and installing new valves
- 13 The part of the intake or exhaust system passage that is cast in the cylinder head is called a \_\_\_\_.