A8 Engine Performance 4th Edition

Chapter 14 In-Vehicle Engine Service

Opening Your Class

KEY ELEMENT	EXAMPLES
Introduce Content	This course or class covers operation and service of Automotive
	Engine Performance. It correlates material to task lists specified by
	ASE and NATEF.
Motivate Learners	Explain how the knowledge of how something works translates into the ability to use that knowledge to figure why the engine does not
	work correctly and how this saves diagnosis time, which translates into
	more money.
State the learning	Explain the chapter learning objectives to the students.
objectives for the chapter or course you are about to	1. Prepare for ASE certification test content area "A" (General
cover and explain this is	Engine Diagnosis).
what they should be able	2. Diagnose and replace the thermostat.
to do as a result of	3. Diagnose and replace the water pump.
attending this session or class.	4. Diagnose and replace an intake manifold gasket.
0.000	5. Determine and verify correct cam timing.
	6. Replace a timing belt.
	7. Describe how to adjust valves.
	8. Explain hybrid engine precautions
Establish the Mood or	Provide a WELCOME, Avoid put downs and bad jokes.
Climate	
Complete Essentials	Restrooms, breaks, registration, tests, etc.
Clarify and Establish	Do a round robin of the class by going around the room and having
Knowledge Base	each student give their backgrounds, years of experience, family,
	hobbies, career goals, or anything they want to share.

ICONS 0000 0000 DEMO

Ch14 In-Vehicle Engine Service

1. SLIDE 1 CH14 In-Vehicle Engine Service

Check for ADDITIONAL VIDEOS & ANIMATIONS

@ http://www.jameshalderman.com/
WEB SITE REGULARLY UPDATED

POWER POINTS DONE BY INDIVIDUAL LEARNING OBJECTIVES, SO THERE IS POWER POINT FILE FOR EACH LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- 2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN OBJECTIVE CH14 AEP_LO1
- 3. SLIDE 3 EXPLAIN Thermostat Replacement
- **4. SLIDE 4 EXPLAIN FIGURE 14–1** A stuck-open thermostat. This caused the vehicle to set a diagnostic trouble code P0128 (coolant temperature below thermostat regulating temperature).
- **5. SLIDES 5-9 EXPLAIN** Thermostat Replacement: Replacement Procedure

RUNNING ENGINE WITHOUT THERMOSTAT COULD CAUSE OVERHEATING. COOLANT FLOWS TOO FAST TO ALLOW RADIATOR TIME TO REMOVE HEAT.

HANDS-ON TASK: HAVE STUDENTS BENCH TEST A THERMOSTAT

<u>DEMONSTRATION:</u> SHOW HOW TO BURP (PURGE) AIR FROM A COOLING SYSTEM.

- 2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN OBJECTIVE CH14 AEP LO2
- 3. SLIDES 3-6 EXPLAIN Water Pump Replacement
- **7. SLIDE 7 EXPLAIN Figure 14-2** Use caution if using a steel scraper to remove a gasket from aluminum parts. It is best to use a wood or plastic scraper.

ICONS 4444

Ch14 In-Vehicle Engine Service

WATER PUMP WEEP HOLE LEAKS WILL SOMETIMES LEAK ONLY HOT OR COLD

ON-VEHICLE HANDS-ON TASK: HAVE STUDENTS INSPECT WATER PUMP. INSPECTIONS SHOULD INCLUDE: BEARINGS, LEAKS, FLOW.

AFTER WATER PUMP REPLACEMENT, COOLING SYSTEM SHOULD BE FILLED AND PRESSURED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. THIS WILL ENABLE YOU TO FIND ANY LEAKS BEFORE JOB IS COMPLETED.

- 2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN OBJECTIVE CH14 AEP_LO3
- **3. SLIDES 3-4 EXPLAIN** Intake Manifold Gasket Inspection
- **5. SLIDES 5 EXPLAIN FIGURE 14-3** intake manifold gasket that failed and allowed coolant to be drawn into the cylinder(s).
- **6. SLIDE 6 EXPLAIN** Intake Manifold Gasket Inspection: Diagnose Leaking Intake Manifold Gasket
- **7. SLIDES 7-8 EXPLAIN** Intake Manifold Gasket Inspection
- **9. SLIDE 9 EXPLAIN Figure 14-4** The lower intake manifold attaches to the cylinder heads.
- **10. SLIDE 10 EXPLAIN Figure 14-5** The upper intake manifold, often called a plenum, attaches to the lower intake manifold
- 11. SLIDES 11-12 EXPLAIN Intake Manifold Gasket Replacement
- **13. SLIDES 13 EXPLAIN Figure 14-6** Many aftermarket replacement intake manifolds have a different appearance from the original manifold
- **14. SLIDES 14-15 EXPLAIN** Intake Manifold Gasket Replacement

DEMONSTRATION: SHOW STUDENTS HOW TO USE TORQUE WRENCH TO TIGHTEN AN INTAKE MANIFOLD.

ON-VEHICLE HANDS-ON TASK: HAVE STUDENTS R&R AN INTAKE MANIFOLD GASKET, USING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE

ICONS

Ch14 In-Vehicle Engine Service





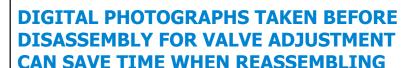






MOST OVERHEAD CAM (OHC) ENGINES USED TODAY ARE NOT FREE RUNNING. THIS MEANS THAT ENGINE DAMAGE CAN OCCUR IF TIMING BELT BREAKS. THIS DAMAGE COULD BE BENT VALVES, DAMAGED VALVE SEATS, PISTONS, ETC. ALWAYS ROTATE AN ENGINE BY HAND TO VERIFY TIMING. IF ANY BINDING IS FELT, STOP! THIS COULD MEAN THAT VALVES ARE HITTING PISTONS.

ON-VEHICLE NATEF TASK: INSPECT AND REPLACE CAMSHAFT & DRIVE BELT/CHAIN



- 2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN OBJECTIVE CH14 AEP_LO5
- 3. SLIDES 3-8 EXPLAIN Timing Belt Replacement: Need for Replacement
- 2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN **OBJECTIVE CH14 AEP_LO6**
- 3. SLIDES 3-26 EXPLAIN VALVE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE





















ICONS OBJECTIVE

Ch14 In-Vehicle Engine Service

DISCUSSION: ASK STUDENTS WHY IT IS IMPORTANT TO USE CORRECT TORQUE SEQUENCE AND TORQUE VALUES.

- 2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN **OBJECTIVE CH14 AEP_LO7**
- 3. SLIDES 3-4 EXPLAIN Hybrid Engine
 Precautions: Hybrid Vehicle Engine Operation
- **5. SLIDES 5-6 EXPLAIN** Hybrid Engine Precautions
- **7. SLIDE 7 EXPLAIN FIGURE 14–8** Toyota/Lexus hybrid electric vehicle has a ready light. If the ready light is on, the engine can start at any time without warning.
- **8. SLIDE 8 EXPLAIN** Hybrid Engine Precautions