Automotive Electrical & Engine Performance 7/E

Chapter 6 Circuit Testers & Digital Meters

Opening Your Class

KEY ELEMENT	EXAMPLES
Introduce Content	This course or class covers Automotive Electrical & Engine
	Performance. It correlates material to task lists specified by
	ASE and NATEF.
Motivate Learners	Explain how the knowledge of how something works translates into the ability to use that knowledge to figure why the engine does not work correctly and how this saves diagnosis time, which translates into more money.
State the learning	Explain the chapter learning objectives to the students.
objectives for the chapter or course you are about to cover and explain this is	 Discuss how to safely set up and use a fused jumper wire, a test light, and a logic probe.
what they should be able to do as a result of attending this session or	 Explain how to safely and properly use a digital meter to read voltage, resistance, and current, and compare to factory specifications.
class.	This chapter will help you prepare for the ASE Electrical/Electronic Systems (A6) certification test content area "A" (General Electrical/Electronic System Diagnosis).
Establish the Mood or	Provide a WELCOME, Avoid put downs and bad jokes.
Climate	
Complete Essentials	Restrooms, breaks, registration, tests, etc.
Clarify and Establish	Do a round robin of the class by going around the room and having
Knowledge Base	each student give their backgrounds, years of experience, family,
	hobbies, career goals, or anything they want to share.

NOTE: This lesson plan is based on Automotive Electrical & Engine Performance 7/E Chapter Images found on Jim's web

site @ www.jameshalderman.com

LINK CHP 6: Chapter Images

ICONS DEMO





1. SLIDE 1 CH6 CIRCUIT TESTERS & DIGITAL **METERS**

Check for ADDITIONAL VIDEOS & ANIMATIONS @ http://www.jameshalderman.com/ **WEB SITE IS CONSTANTLY UPDATED**

Videos

At the beginning of this class, you can download the crossword puzzle & Word Search from the links below to familiarize your class with the terms in this chapter & then discuss them

Crossword Puzzle (Microsoft Word) (PDF) Word Search Puzzle (Microsoft Word) (PDF)

2. SLIDE 2 EXPLAIN Figure 6-1 technician-made fused jumper lead equipped with a red 10 ampere fuse. Fused jumper wire uses terminals for testing circuits at a connector instead of alligator clips.

DEMONSTRATION: SHOW STUDENTS HOW TO TEST A CIRCUIT WITH A FUSED JUMPER

DISCUSSION: DISCUSS USES OF FUSED JUMPER WIRE. IF A DEVICE WORKS WHEN CONNECTED TO A FUSED JUMPER WIRE, WHAT IS DETERMINED?

- **3. SLIDE 3 EXPLAIN Figure 6-2** 12 volt test light is attached to a good ground while probing for power.
- **4. SLIDE 4 EXPLAIN Figure 6-3** Test light can be used to locate an open in a circuit. Test light is grounded at a different location than the circuit itself.
- **5. SLIDE 5 EXPLAIN Figure 6-4** Continuity light should not be used on computer circuits because applied voltage can damage delicate electronic circuits.

DEMONSTRATION: NON-POWERED TEST LIGHT WILL SHOW ONLY WHETHER CURRENT IS **AVAILABLE. IT CANNOT DETERMINE HOW MUCH**

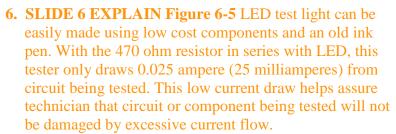
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CURRENT OR EXACT VOLTAGE AVAILABLE.
DEMONSTRATE A CONTINUITY TEST LIGHT FOR
STUDENTS & DISCUSS WHEN IT SHOULD BE USED.
TEST LAMPS SHOULD NOT BE USED ON ANY
CIRCUITS CONNECTED TO A PCM DUE TO
VOLTAGES USED IN ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS





HANDS-ON TASK: HAVE STUDENTS USE FIGURE 8–5 TO CONSTRUCT AN LED TEST LAMP, AND THEN HAVE THEM USE IT TO TEST A CIRCUIT OR COMPONENT.

7. SLIDE 7 EXPLAIN Figure 6-6 logic probe connected to vehicle battery. When tip probe is connected to circuit, it can check for power, ground, or a pulse

<u>DEMONSTRATION:</u> SHOW LOGIC PROBE & PROPER WAY TO CONNECT IT TO A POWER AND GROUND SOURCE AND COMPONENT TO BE CHECKED.

- 8. SLIDE 8 EXPLAIN Figure 6-7 Typical digital multimeter. Black meter lead always is placed in the COM terminal. Red meter test lead should be in the volt-ohm terminal except when measuring current in amperes
- **9. SLIDE 9 EXPLAIN Figure 6-8** Typical digital multimeter (DMM) set to read DC volts.

WRONG CHART NUMBER USED ON SLIDE 14. SHOWS 8-1, SHOULD BE LABLED 6-1. CHART IS CORRECT













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	 10. SLIDE 10 EXPLAIN Figure 6-9 (a) typical autoranging digital multimeter automatically selects proper scale to read voltage being tested. The scale selected is usually displayed on meter face. Note that display indicates "4," meaning that this range can read up to 4 volts. (b) typical autoranging digital multimeter automatically selects proper scale to read voltage being tested. The scale selected is usually displayed on meter face. The range is now set to the 40 volts scale, meaning that the meter can read up to 40 volts on the scale. Any reading above this level will cause the meter to reset to a higher scale. If not set on autoranging, the meter display would indicate OL if a reading exceeds limit of scale selected. 11. SLIDE 11 EXPLAIN Figure 6-10 Using a digital multimeter set to read ohms (Ω) to test this light bulb. The meter reads the resistance of the filament. 12. SLIDE 12 EXPLAIN Figure 6-11 Many digital multimeters can have the display indicate zero to compensate for test lead resistance. (1) Connect leads in the V Ω and COM meter terminals. (2) Select the Ω scale. (3) Touch the two meter leads together. (4) Push the "zero" or "relative" button on the meter. (5) The meter display will now indicate zero ohms of resistance. 13. SLIDE 13 EXPLAIN Figure 6-12 Measuring the current flow required by a horn requires that the ammeter
	be connected to the circuit in series and the horn button
	be depressed by an assistant.
P-11111	Measure Battery Voltage Drop
	Meter Usage Battery Volt Check
	Meter Usage Check CAN Circuit
	Meter Usage Measure Amps
	Meter Usage Measure Frequency
	Meter Usage Measure Ohms
	Meter Usage Measure Volts
	Meter Usage Testing Diode
?	DISCUSS FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTION

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EXPLAIN TECH TIP

14. SLIDE 14 EXPLAIN Figure 6-13 Note blade-type fuse holder soldered in series with one of meter leads. 10 ampere fuse helps protect internal meter fuse (if equipped) & meter itself from damage that may result from excessive current flow if used incorrectly



DISCUSS FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTION



- **15. SLIDE 15 EXPLAIN Figure 6-14** inductive ammeter clamp is used with all starting and charging testers to measure the current flow through battery cables.
- 16. SLIDE 16 EXPLAIN Figure 6-15 Typical mini clampon-type digital multimeter. This meter is capable of measuring alternating current (AC) & direct current (DC) without requiring that circuit be disconnected to install meter in series. Jaws are simply placed over wire and current flow through the circuit is displayed.



<u>DEMONSTRATE</u> PROPER WAY TO CONNECT TEST LEADS TO DMM. POINT OUT INPUT TERMINALS ON DMM & FUNCTIONS. TELL STUDENTS THAT READING ON WRONG INPUT COULD DESTROY METER



EXPLAIN TECH TIP Over Limit Display Does Not Mean the Meter Is Reading "Nothing"



17. SLIDE 17 EXPLAIN Over Limit Display Does Not Mean the Meter Is Reading "Nothing" FIGURE 6–16 Typical digital multimeter showing OL (over limit) on the readout with the ohms (Ω) unit selected. This usually means that the unit being measured is open (infinite resistance) and has no continuity



18. SLIDE 18 EXPLAIN Figure 6-17 Always look at the meter display when a measurement is being made, especially if using an autoranging meter



DISCUSSION: HAVE STUDENTS DISCUSS VARIOUS SCALES AND SETTINGS ON A DMM. WHAT IS REASON THAT TEST RESULTS USING A DMM ARE MORE ACCURATE? DISCUSS THE AUTORANGE FEATURES

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EXPLAIN TECH TIP

EXPLAIN TECH TIP

- 19. SLIDE 19 EXPLAIN Figure 6-18 When reading AC voltage signals, a true RMS meter (such as a Fluke 87) provides different reading than an average responding meter (such as Fluke 88). Only place this difference is important is when a reading is to be compared with a specification.
- **20. SLIDE 20 EXPLAIN Figure 6-19** This meter display shows 052.2 AC volts. Notice that the zero beside the 5 indicates that the meter can read over 100 volts AC with a resolution of 0.1 volt.

EXPLAIN SAFETY TIP

- **21. SLIDE 21 EXPLAIN Figure 6-20** Be sure to only use a meter that is CAT III rated when taking electrical voltage measurements on a hybrid vehicle &
- **22. SLIDE 22 EXPLAIN FIGURE 6-21** Always use meter leads that are CAT III rated on a meter that is also CAT III rated, to maintain the protection needed when working on hybrid vehicles
- 23. SLIDES 23-45 SLIDE SHOW ON DMM USE STUDENTS COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET CHECK ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS WITH A TEST LIGHT; DETERMINE NECESSARY ACTION.

STUDENTS COMPLETE NATEF TASK SHEET CHECK ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS USING FUSED JUMPER WIRES; DETERMINE NECESSARY ACTION

STUDENTS DO NATEF TASK SHEET DEMONSTRATE PROPER USE OF DIGITAL MULTIMETER (DMM) DURING DIAGNOSIS OF ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT PROBLEMS, INCLUDING: SOURCE VOLTAGE, VOLTAGE DROP, CURRENT FLOW, & RESISTANCE

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	HOMEWORK 2: HAVE STUDENTS USE INTERNET TO RESEARCH DIGITAL MULTIMETERS USED IN THE AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR FIELD. ASK THEM TO LIST FOUR TO FIVE METERS, THEIR MAIN FEATURES, AND THE COST OF EACH METER. HAVE STUDENTS DETERMINE WHICH METER THEY THINK WOULD BE THE BEST PURCHASE AND EXPLAIN THEIR CHOICE AND REASONING TO THE CLASS.